**Pan-Africanism**

**Circle the correct answer**

1. **What is the meaning of Pan-Africanism?**
   A- a policy base on the idea that white people share communal bonds and objectives and that promotes unity to achieve these objectives.
   B- a black and white mixed policy abroad
   C- an idea that is founded on the belief that African people share communal bonds and objectives and that promotes unity to achieve these objectives.

2. **The term Pan-Africanism is applied to which group of people?**
   A- Only people in Africa.
   B- to all black African people, people of black African descent and all people on the African continent including nonblack people.
   C- Only to the people of black origin in the USA and the UK.

3. **Where did the concept of Pan-Africanism initially develop?**
   A- In Africa
   B- Out of Africa
   C- In Asia

4. **When was the concept of Pan-Africanism primarily develop?**
   A- late 17th and early 19th centuries
   B- late 19th and early 20th centuries
   C- late 16th and early 17th centuries

5. **What led to the development of Pan-Africanism?**
   A- As a result of apartheid in South Africa.
   B- As a result of nationalism in Europe
   C- As a result of the impact of European colonialism in Africa on peoples of African descent.

6. **Activists in Africa during the 20th century adopted Pan-Africanism for which reason?**
   A- As a watchword to promote colonial rule in Africa
   B- As a rallying cry for independence from colonial rule
   C- As a battle cry for Racism

7. **What were the two basic forms developed from Pan-Africanism?**
   A- Continental Pan-Africanism and Diaspora Pan-Africanism
   B- Europe pan -Africanism and American Pan-Africanism
   C- Asian pan Africa nism and African Pan-Africanism

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8. In European colonies in Africa, Africans were brainwashed with the belief that European culture was superior through everyday interaction with Europeans and the few established colonial Europeans schools.
   A- True
   B- False

9. What is the purpose of Continental Pan-Africanism?
   A- it advocates the unity of states and peoples within Europe.
   B- it advocates the unity of states and peoples within Africa.
   C- it advocates for solidarity among all black Africans and peoples of black African descent outside the African continent.

10. What is the purpose of Diaspora Pan-Africanism?
    A- To bring solidarity among all black Africans and peoples of black African descent outside the African continent.
    B- To bring about the unity of states and peoples within Europe.
    C- To bring about the unity of states and peoples within Africa.

11. Edward Wilmot Blyden was an early proponent of Pan-Africanism and a leading black intellectual and scholar of African culture.
    A- True
    B- False

12. What was on the agenda at the first pan Africanism conference?
    A- To end slavery in Africa.
    B- the establishment of education for Africans and the necessity for better African involvement in the matters of the colonies.
    C- To put an end to the civil war in Africa.

13. Who convened the first Pan-African Congress in Paris in 1919?
    A- W. E. B. Du Bois
    B- Marcus Garvey.
    C- Amiri Baraka

14. Marcus Garvey founded the Universal Negro Improvement Association (UNIA) in 1914 to improve the life of blacks everywhere, and the repatriation of blacks to Africa (“Back to Africa”)
    A- True
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Correct Answers in Green

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